

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS AUSTIN

Gentle C. MANN Attenue General

> Mon. F. C. Branson, Conwissioner, Department of Banking Austin, Toxas

Dear Sire

Opinion No 6.0-1425
Ro: Liquidation of State banks -Office expense account -Availability of surplus.

This will commowledge receipt of your letter of December 7, 1930, submitting for a legal opinion the following statement and questions.

"As you, of course, are aware the exponso of liquidation of all state banks is borns by the several banks in liquidation. For the joint henckit of all danks in liquidation, the Aiguidation division of the State banking Doyartcont had bedy established - an office unit economing a portion of the office space appropriated to the State Banking Departmore, densisting of a Liguidating Supervisor, stonographers, addistants, a lawyer, etc. The tost of this office wit has in the past born raid out of an account designated as the toffice expense account', which, since time inseveral beats an liquidation. In the past when there were more banks in liquidation former acrenistrations due to small over ostiratos de the expense built up a curplus in this account which has never been completely used up. At the present time the assessments against banks in liquidation have been reduced so that gonerally they do not pay the cost of operations and this surplus is gradually being consumed by current expenses in the liquidation of banks now in the hands of the Conniderioner.

*Unfortunately there are now pending a number of suits which grew out of liquidations which have been closed. There are no cosets of such liquidations with which to pay the expenses of such liquidation - traveling expenses for attorneys, court costs, deposits, witness fees and the expenses of such vitness. These suits rust be defended in the interest of the public. For example, all assets of the American State Bank of Minburg were sold, and the proceeds distributed among the creditors, and the liquidation closed by order of the District Court of Midalgo County. The United States, asserting a proferred lies against the assets of the bank thus sold, has brought suit in the District Court of Hidalgo County to set aside the sale of assets above montioned. Obviously the suit must be dofended. There are, however, no funds of the liquidation out of which to pay these costs.

*In this connection I respectfully sub-

- *(1) Can the surplus, above mentioned, in the office expense account be used in the payment of the cost of defending suits of this character?
- *(2) If this fund is not available, or sufficient, from what other source can these expenses be paid!*

Article 462 of the Rovised Civil Statutes provides as follows:

Compensation of counsel, employees and assistants, and all expenses of supervision and liquidation shall be fixed by the Commissioner, who shall, from time to time, present to the District Court in the county in which said bank or bank and trust company is located, if in session, and to the judge thereof, if in vacation, an itemized and sworn statement of the expenses incurred by him in the liquidation of such bank or bank and trust company, which account shall be approved by said court, if in session, or the judge thereof, if in vacation, unless objection is filed

thereto within ten days after the filing or presentation of said expense account.

The "office expense account" mentioned by you is a proper setup in pursuance of the provisions of Article 462 immediately above quoted. It will be seen that this Article authorizes the payment (! "all expenses of supervision and liquidation". It is impracticable, if not impossible, for the proper supervision and liquidation of insolvent banks to be carried on without office or dopartmental expanses separate and a part from the individual expenses incident to the respective banks in liquidation. These departmental expenses apply in common to all banks in the hands of the Correlesioner for liquidation, and no particular portion thereof can be allocated to any particular bank, and indeed, such, of course, is not the purpose of the setup of the "office expense account". When, in the course of the periodical reports by the Cornissioner to the individual District Courts of the expenses of liquidating the particular bank over which that court has jurisdiction, the estimated assesswent against such bank is included and approved by the court. it theroupon becomes allocated to the general purpose of supervision and liquidation of failed banks in gomeral. This fund, therefore, is the proper fund from which the Considerioner should pay expenses of the departcental or office force in connection with items of expense, such as you mention, regardless of the origin or time of the acquisition. The fund has been accumulated and set apart for that very purpose. As stated by you, sults of the character mentioned in your letter must be defended and expenses, such as those mentioned by you, tust be paid, and there is no other fund from which pay-Lonts may be made.

Bo that, your question No. 1 is answered in the effirmative, and this makes on answer to your second question unnecessary.

Very truly yours

APTORNEY CENERAL OF DEXAS

By

legorio Spear Assistant

05-KR

Bersell. Tois

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

COMMETTES